# College with Chronic Illness- Studying Coping Methods of Students with Multiple Sclerosis

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- Multiple Sclerosis (MS): impair cognitive, vision, motor, and sensory systems
- Young onset of MS: depression, failure of schools, difficulties to succeed in adult life
- College: a balance between disease, study, social, and financial burdens
- Traditional MS management: inadequate to support college students' success
- Aim: to learn MS management skills from students in college with MS and provide suggestions on how college can support these students
- Hypothesis: self-worth identification, high self-esteem, seeking illness needs and activating resource could help students succeed in college
- Impact: the findings of this study could be incorporated into disability management education and benefit all disabled people

## Methods

- A comprehensive search on YouTube to find of MS students sharing MS management stories
- The searching key terms were "MS, Multiple Sclerosis, college, university, story"
- Inclusion criteria: diagnosis before or after college; student had MS-associated disabilities; the student was actively studying in a college
- Exclusion criteria: Students who attribute all the success in college to religious faith.



MS Multiple Sclerosis college university story



Fig. 1 Search on YouTube website

# Living with MS<sup>1</sup>

- The onset of MS can range from 14 to older than 70
- A young onset can cause severe depression
- A large number of patients experience relapses which can cause anxiety
- Visible disabilities: unable to walk and see, bedridden
- Invisible disabilities: mental health issues, chronic pain, and chronic fatigue
- Causes disruptions in college studies which leads to failure of attaining college degrees and difficulties to succeed in adult life

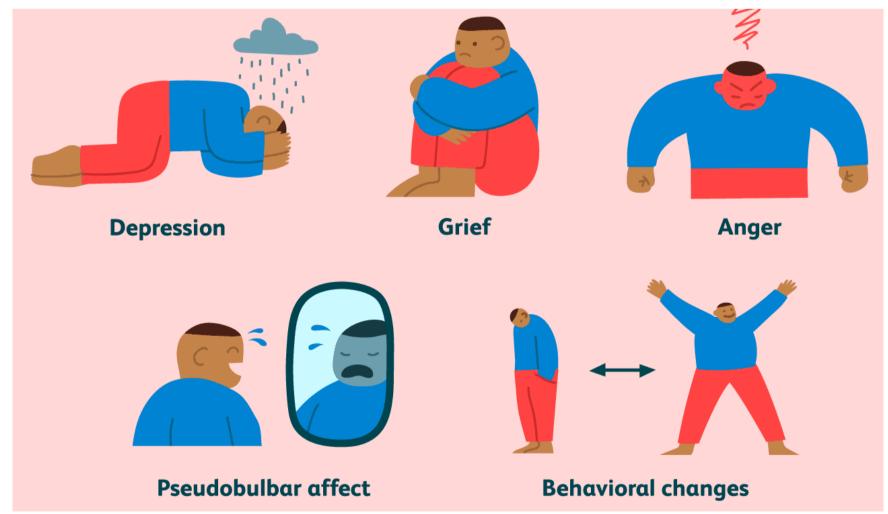


Fig.2 Mental health of MS patient <sup>2</sup>

# Review of Disability Psychology

- People with disabilities have different selfidentification<sup>3</sup>
- Self-esteem: the overall sense of self-value. Related to problem-solving and stress management skills which were related to education level<sup>4</sup>
- Focusing on illness needs and activating resource were common coping methods of chronic diseases<sup>5</sup>
- What mechanism could help college student's success with chronic diseases remains to be studied

Self-identification <sup>3</sup>	Belief <sup>3</sup>
Affirmation	Disability is a positive experience
Self-worth	Same worth as people without disability
Pride	Proud to claim their disability and believe disability is normal
Discrimination	Targets of bias and injustice

### Results

Videos by Alex and Victoria<sup>6</sup>

- Community "MS reporters"
- Collected questions about how to tackle college struggles from several MS students
- Obtained suggestions from Victoria, a neurological occupational therapist

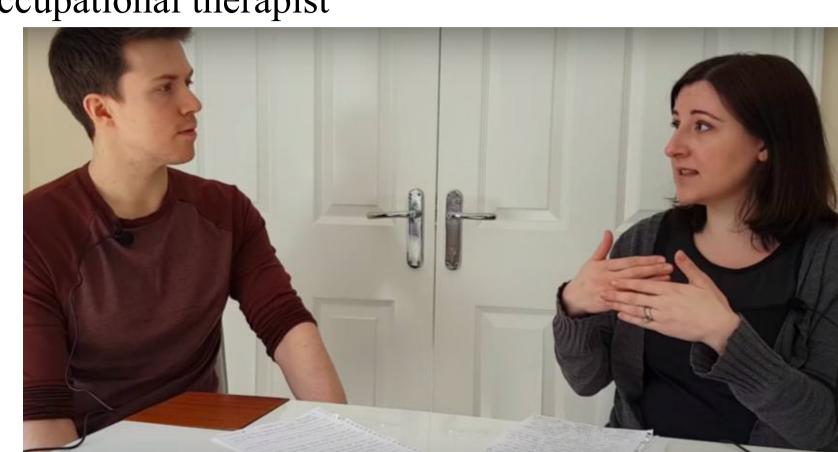


Fig. 3 Alex (left) and Victoria (right) discussing MS students' difficulties and solutions

## Videos by Breea<sup>7</sup>

- Diagnosed with a severe and rare MS formand
- Life was suddenly changed at 18
- Speech, vision, motor functions were heavily impaired
- Study developmental psychology at Northern Arizona University



Fig. 4. Breea telling her MS stories

# Videos by Sarah<sup>8</sup>

- Sudden MS attack at 16
- Right side of head to toe was completely numb and tingly
- Pre-medical student at the University of Texas



Fig. 5. Sarah telling her MS stories  Physiological and safety needs						
Alex <sup>6</sup>	Vitoria <sup>6</sup>	Sarah <sup>8</sup>				
<ul> <li>Have access to education resources</li> <li>Feel safe about not falling behind peers</li> <li>Get nutritious food and enough rest</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Actively seek and obtain resources:</li> <li>From family and college: food accommodation, and transportation.</li> <li>From friends: notes from classes or preparing for exams together</li> <li>From college: techniques and strategies to help the students</li> </ul>	Had a therapist from the children's hospital to teach the essential actions to maintain health conditions in college				
<ul> <li>Many students     went to distance     learning</li> </ul>	If the difficulties could not be evolved, students should consult with the	The educationa resources should be				

university about equally distributed to assignment deadline extensions, graduation MS students deferral or temporally and students pausing their study without illness

# Love and belonging

Bı	reea <sup>6</sup>	Vitoria <sup>6</sup>	Sarah <sup>8</sup>		
•	Supportive families	Should talk to	Friends didn't		
	and friends	friends and families	understand her		
•	Most important tools in	about their	experience		
	fighting MS and	experience,			
	staying strong	struggles and hope			

### Self-worth

### Breea<sup>7</sup>

- Positive
- Embraced MS as a part of her life
- Focusing on dreams
- Confident to be successful in college and tackle all the problems
- Accept her conditions
- Know her limit

right support

Sarah<sup>8</sup>

• Show other students it could be possible to tackle college with a disease as long as one could have the

Sarah<sup>8</sup>

Aimed to be

a pediatric

neurologist

# **Self-Actualization**

states in 2013

# Breea<sup>7</sup> World MS day ambassador for the united

- Dedicated to promoting MS awareness through inspirational / educational projects
- Youtube channel shared her journey of healing, hope, recovery, and resiliency and,
- Believe that MS was a life lesson for them
- MS taught how important friends and family were and how they could conquer challenges

### **Conclusions**

education

- The study presents disease coping strategies from college students with MS
- With confidence and support, MS students can achieve their goal of completing college study
- Basic needs including education resources, safety in family and friendship, respect, and understanding should be fulfilled
- Universities are responsible to have professionals to provide effective disease and time management coaching, offer equal educational opportunities and accommodate special needs
- MS awareness should be raised in the whole society so that friends and families can understand and support students with disabilities better.

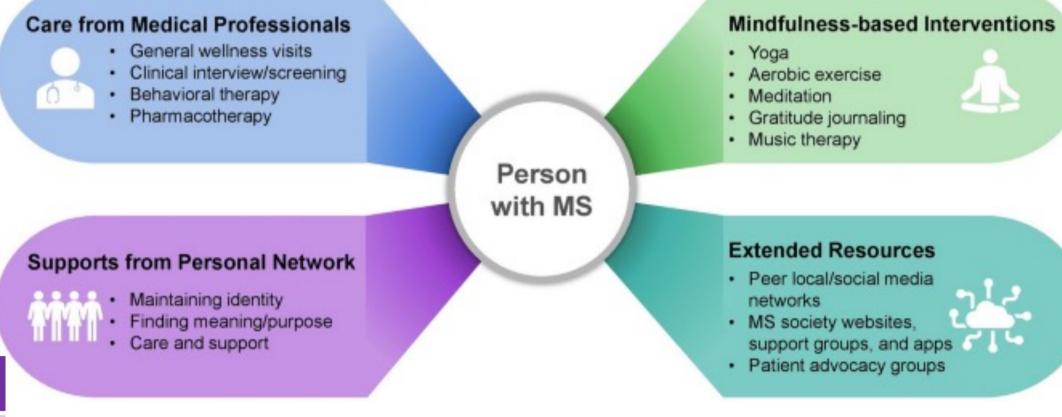


Fig. 6 interdisciplinary care model supports an individual with MS<sup>9</sup>

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Concerned that

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